

## **Second-generation bioenergy**

Geographic and Mass Distribution of  
Agricultural Waste in Egypt

# Questions to be asked about Agri biomass

- What?
- Where?
- When?
- Physical and chemical structure?
- Volume to support industry?
- Cost?
- Processing Technology (scale)?

# What?

- Agricultural (or crop) residues encompasses all agricultural wastes such as straw, stem, stalk, leaves, husk, shell, peel, pulp, stubble, etc. which come from cereals (rice, wheat, maize or corn, sorghum, barley, millet), cotton, groundnut, legumes (tomato, bean, soy) coffee, and fruits (banana, mango) l.
- Significant quantities of biomass remain in the fields in the form of cob when maize is harvested which can be converted into energy.
- Rice husks at the processing plant which can be conveniently and easily converted into energy
- Sugar cane harvesting leads to harvest residues in the fields while processing produces fibrous bagasse, both of which are good sources of energy.

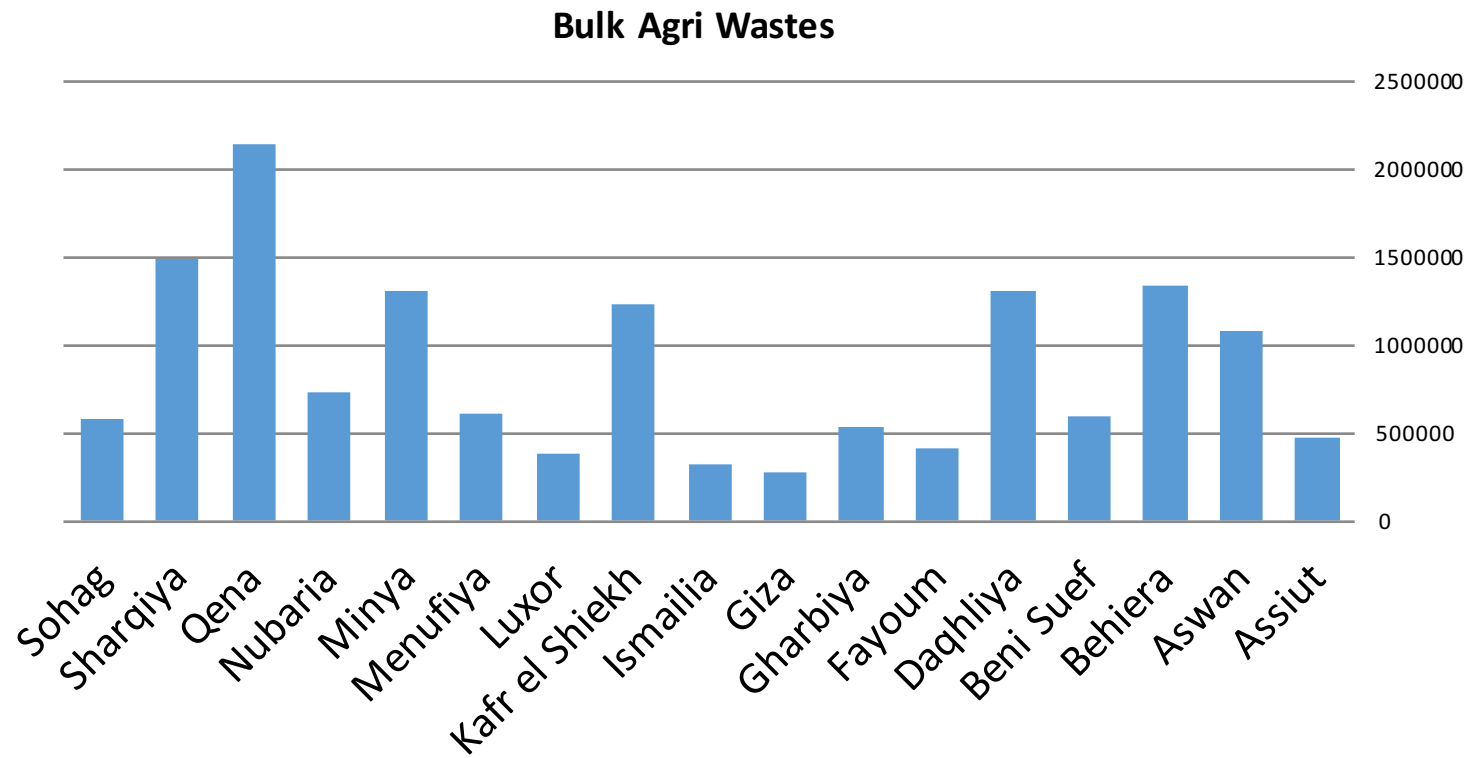
# Energy Crops

- Non-food crops are grouped into grassy (herbaceous or forage) and woody (tree) energy crops.
- Grassy energy crops include switchgrass and miscanthus.
- Switchgrass requires relatively low water and nutrients, and adaptability to low-quality land.
- In Egypt?
  - New reclaimed land?
  - Upper Egypt?

## Different types of generated waste in Egypt

Type of Waste	Generation (ton/year)	Percentage of total Waste Generated (%)
Municipal Solid Waste	21.0	23.5%
Construction & Demolition Waste	4.0	4.5%
Agricultural Waste	30.0	33.6%
Industrial Waste	6.0	6.7%
Medical Waste	0.28	0.3%
Sewage Sludge	3	3.4%
Waterways Cleansing Waste	25	28.0%
Total	89.28	100.0%

# Where?



Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics

2016

م	تأظفاحملا	Sugar beet	Sugar Cane	Cotton	Corn	Rice	Penner	Eggplant	تيعارز ليصاحم				
		1	2						Sugar beet	Sugar Cane	Cotton	Corn	Rice
	ركسلا رجنب	ركسلا بصفة							1	2	3	4	5
									ركسلا رجنب	ركسلا بصفة	نطف	يماشهرذ	زرأ
1	تأظفاحملا	5528	6						41	8	372	23914	16
2	تأظفاحملا	32038	187						221	11	77	39870	12019
3	تأظفاحملا	10387	1439						2835	162	1367	38253	550
4	تأظفاحملا	124545	85						0	0	25	7221	0
5	تأظفاحملا	72152	570						0	0	285	285	0
6	تأظفاحملا	5728	30						0	0	0	0	0
7	تأظفاحملا	45829	28						27608	181	2073	137806	12656
8	تأظفاحملا	6585							15892	143	4142	70839	327
9	تأظفاحملا	19736							1971	44	1836	20320	127
10	تأظفاحملا		14						29662	127	6662	93103	176
11	تأظفاحملا	800	22						389	5507	39055	20079930	323979
12	تأظفاحملا	450	758						19129	594	6837	52153	671
									4163	32	2127	31734	77
									10136	1442	27111	307203	1578
									45	19	37	267	204
									4196	208	3078	6929	85896
									7094	219	17109	15184	57389
									7094	30	300	2830	23358
									1205	475	20525	25210	187072
									722	1247	2548	55798	55626
									106	297	70	47490	25718
									75	165	14846	34178	108840

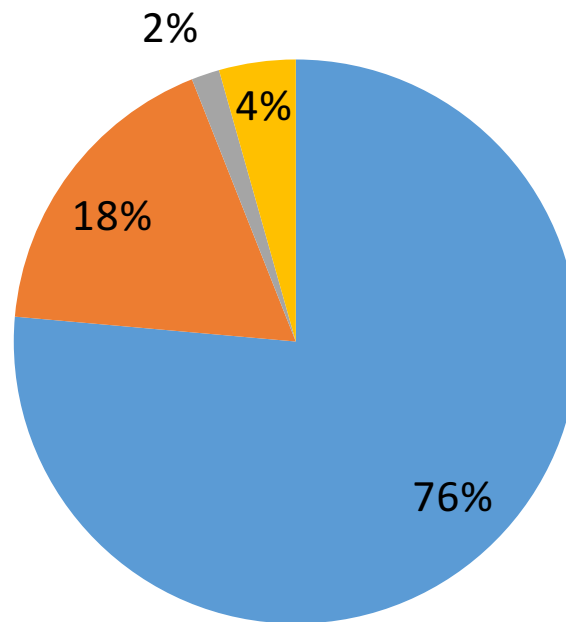
Waste-tream "Variation of timing "

Crops	Jan	Feb	Mar
Total Waste	Waste %	waste %	waste
Sugar beet			323979
Sugar cane	226354	%20	339531
Cotton			
Corn			
Rice			
Pepper	9731.6	%5	9732
Eggplant	10546	%5	10546
Okra	2161	%5	2161
Orange	201135	%20	201135

# Sugar beet

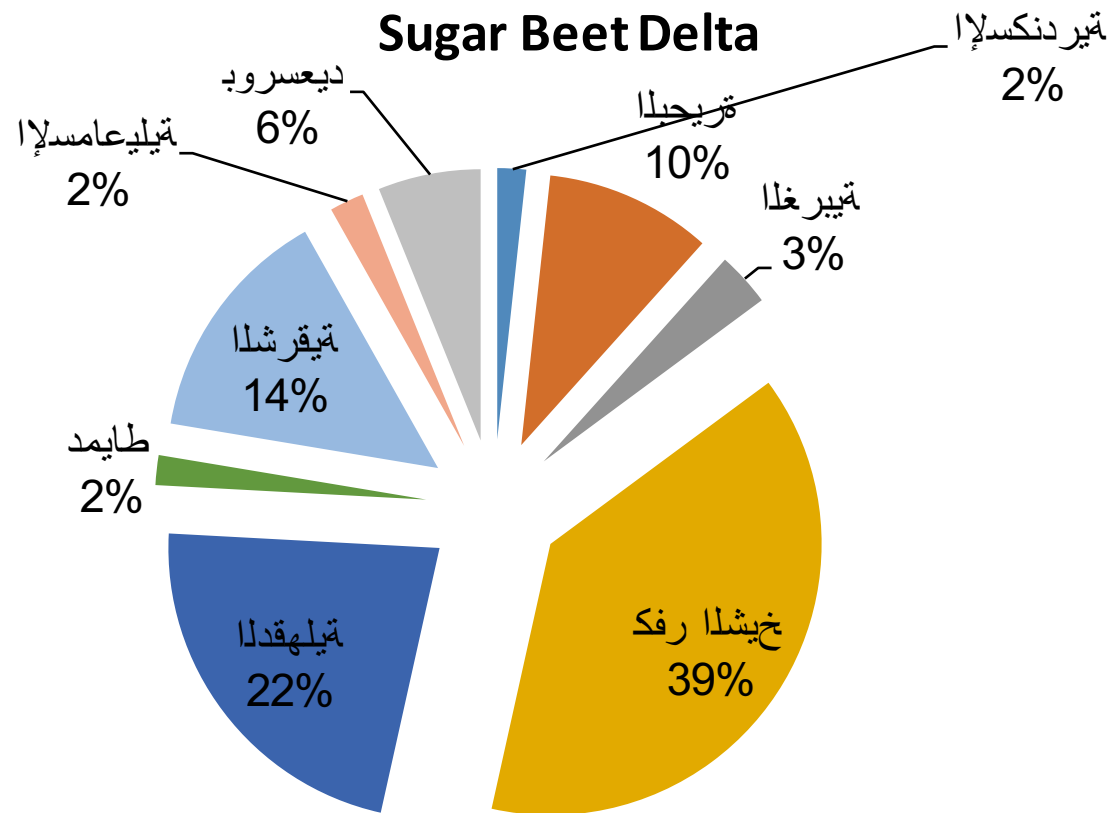
## Sugar Beet National

■ Delta Area ■ Middel Egypt ■ Upper Egypt ■ Others

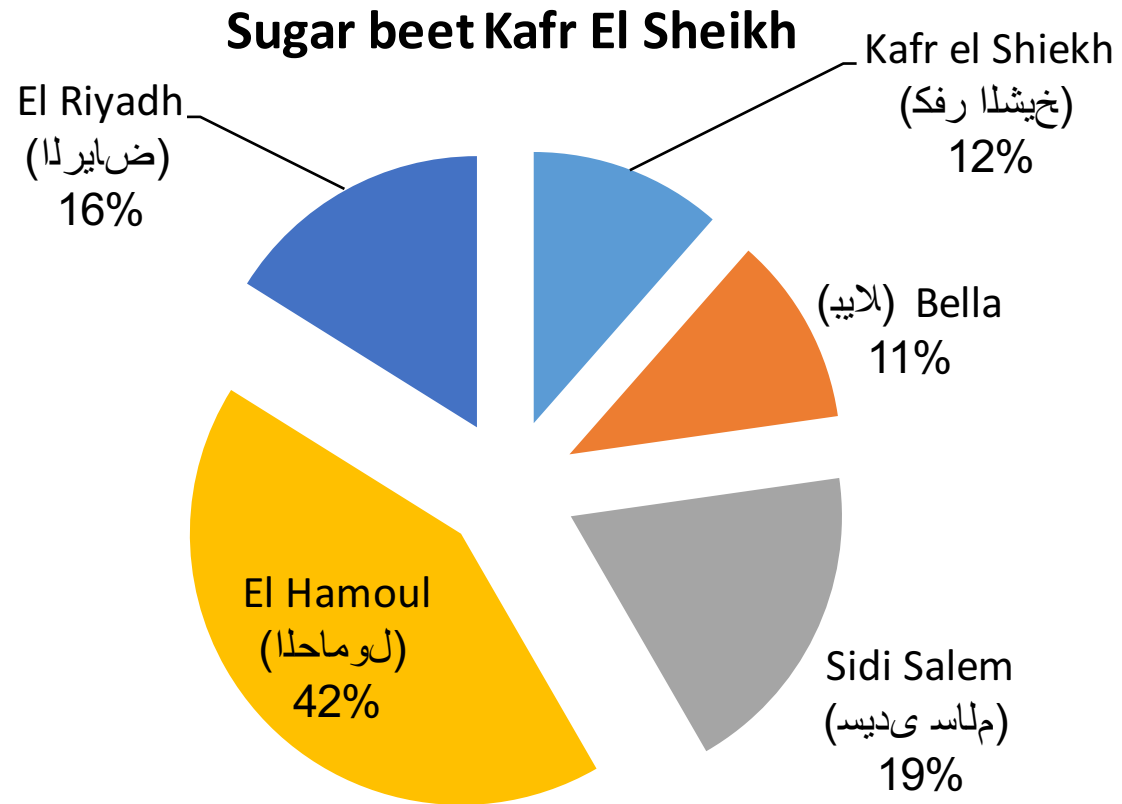




# Sugar beet



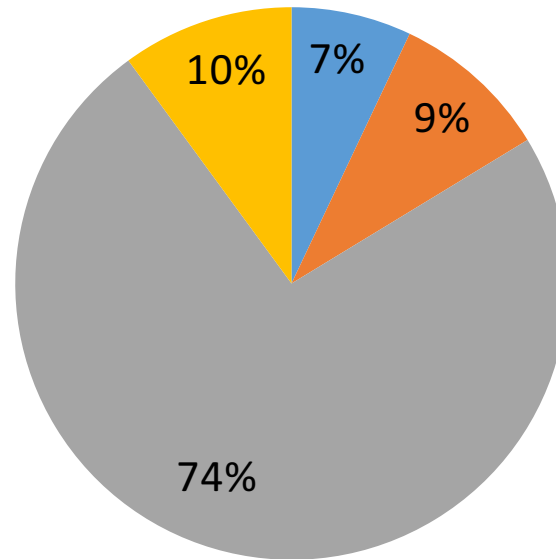
# Sugar beet



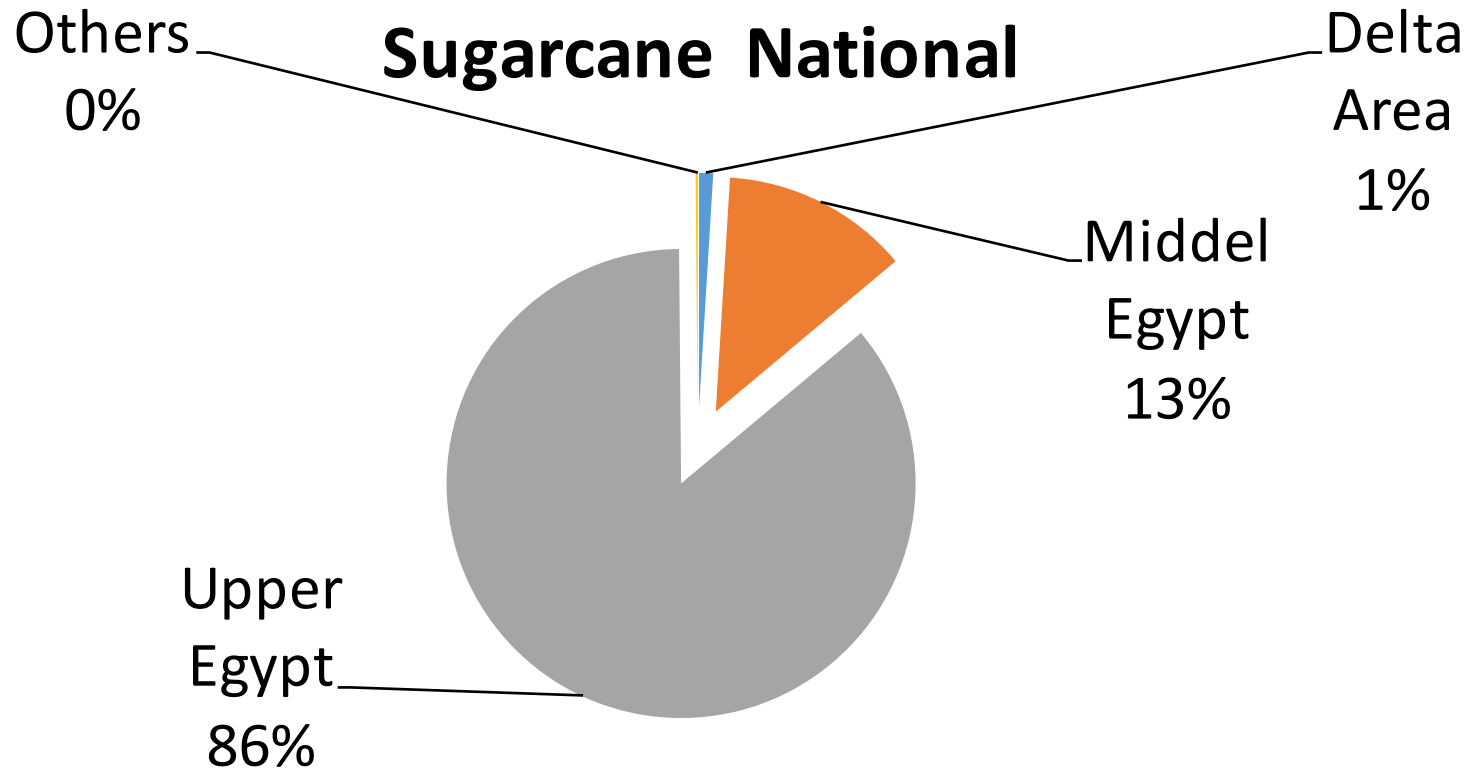
# Sugar beet

## Sugar beet Daqahlia

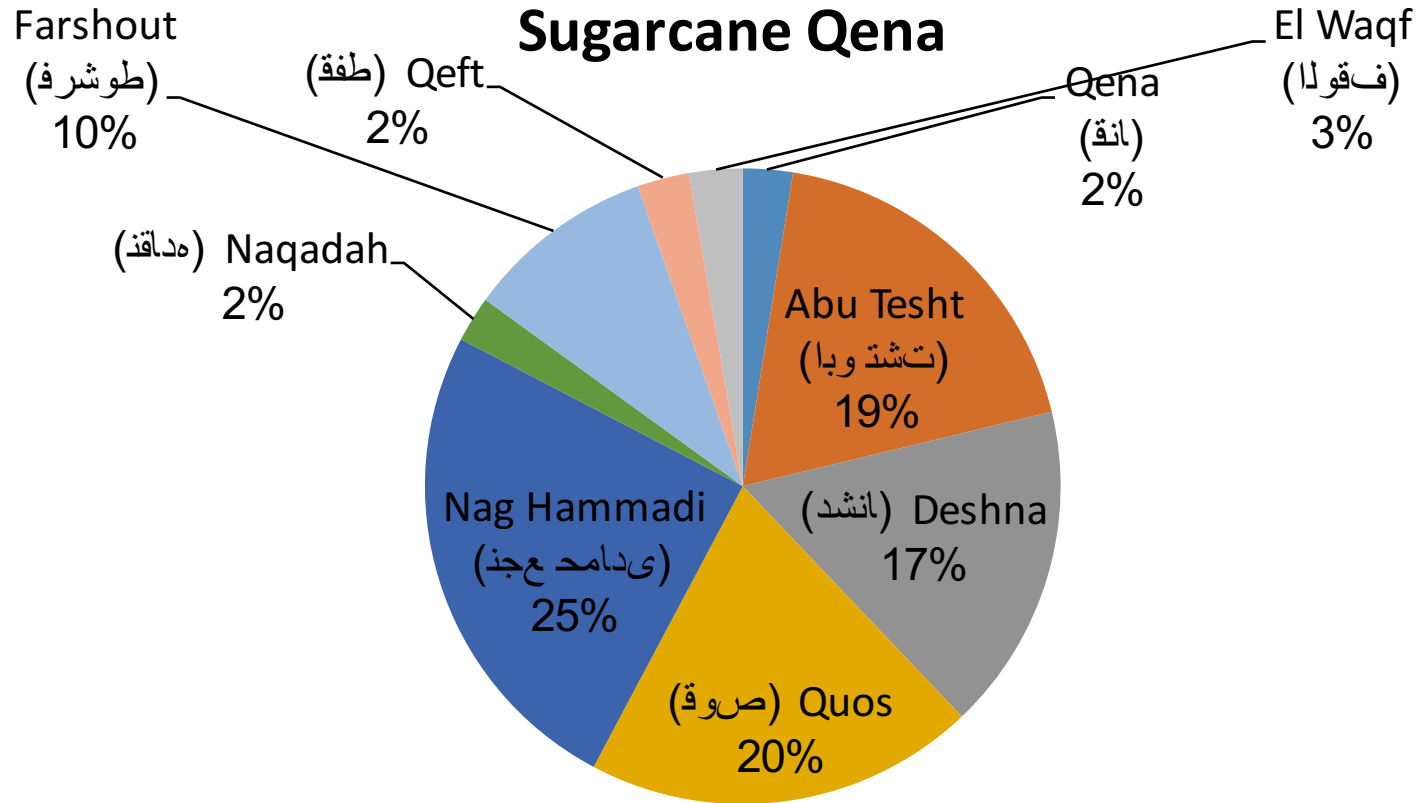
- (نيولابنسلا) El Sinbillawain
- (هلز نملا) El Manzalah
- (س اقلب) Belqas
- (ن بيرشد) Sherbin



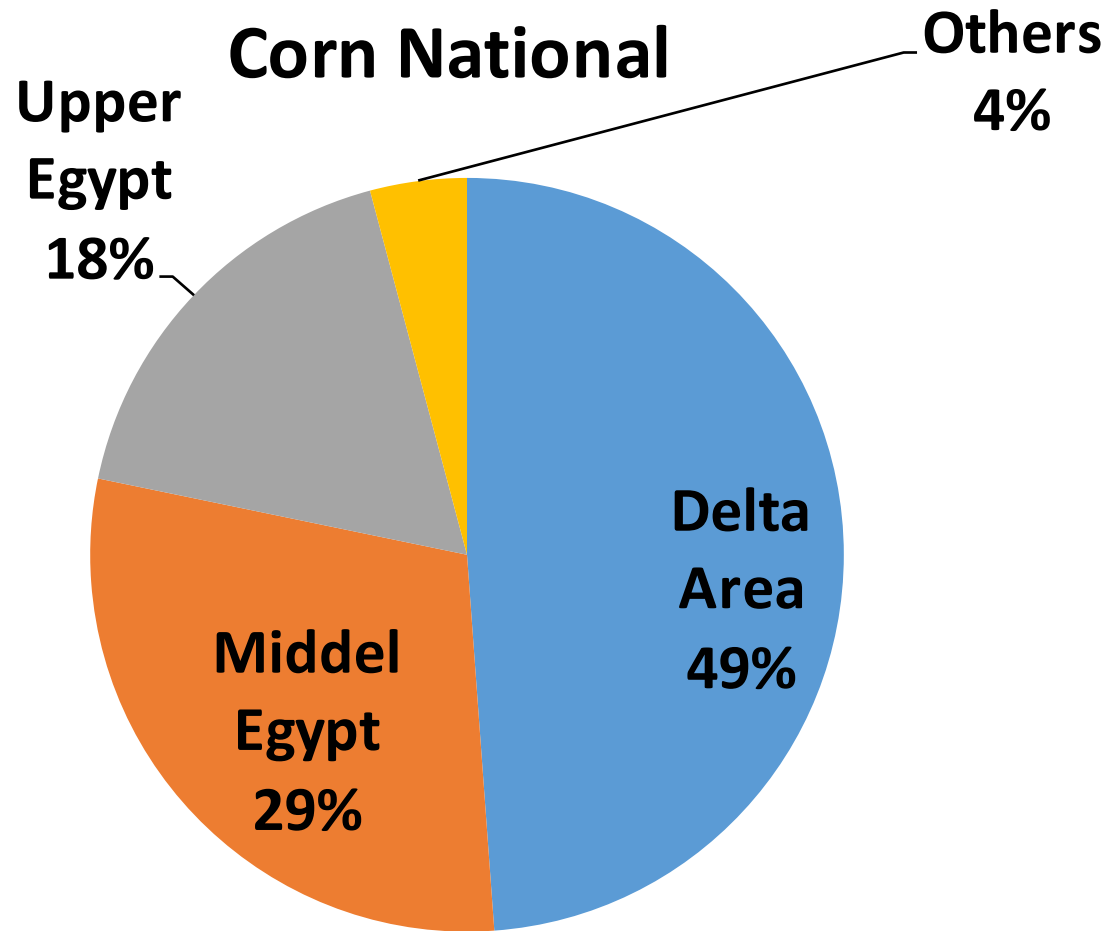
# Sugarcane



# Sugarcane

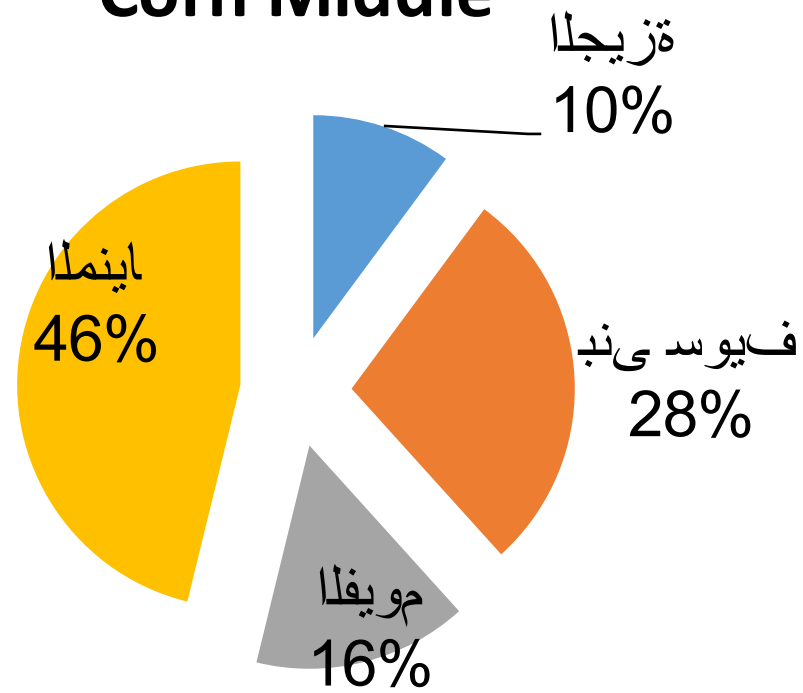


# Corn

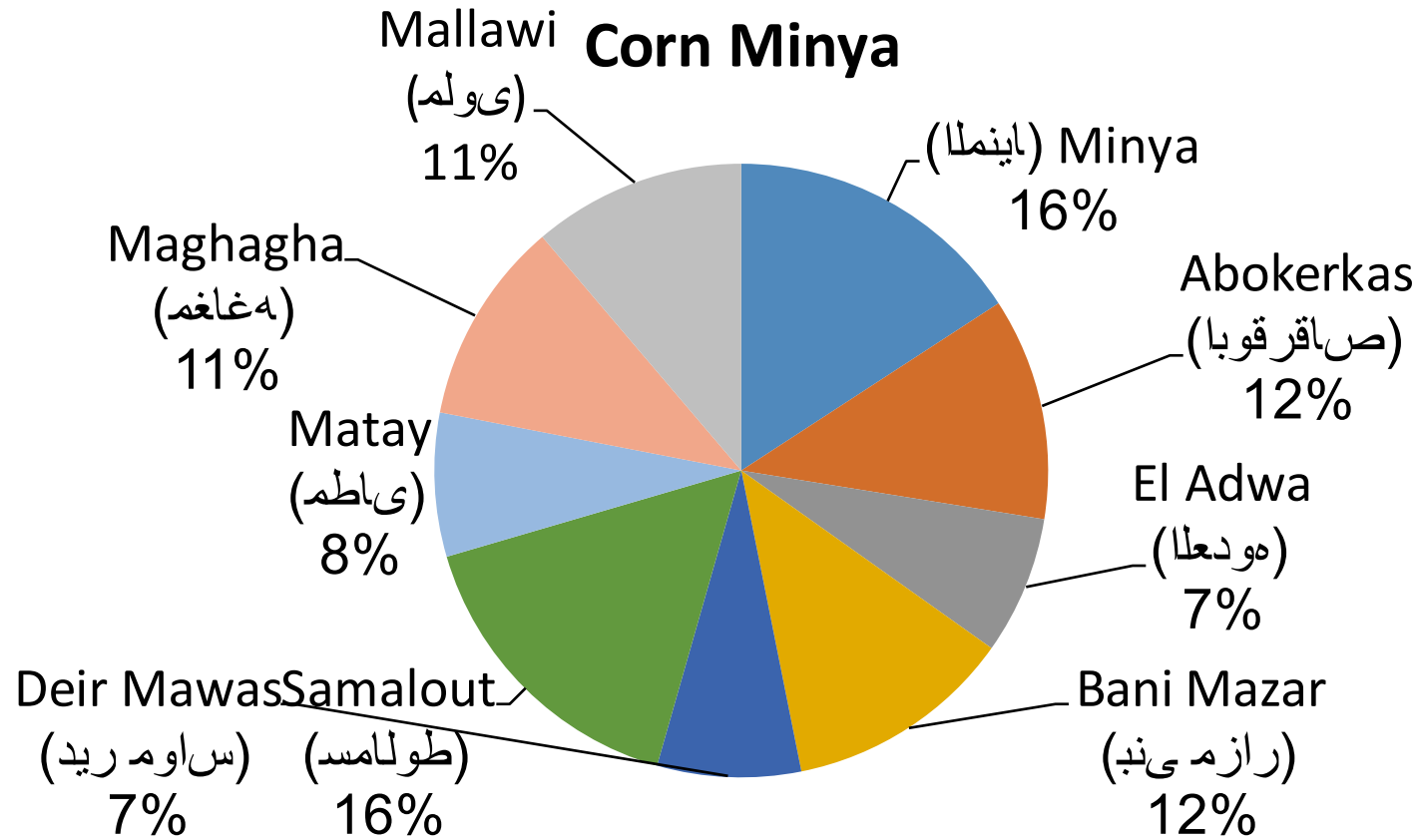


# Corn

## Corn Middle



# Corn

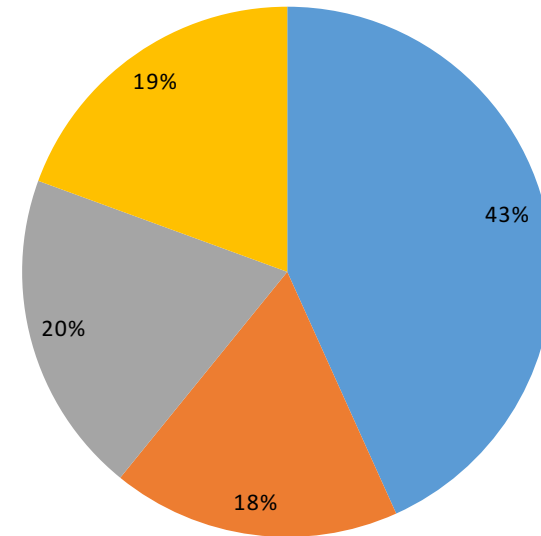
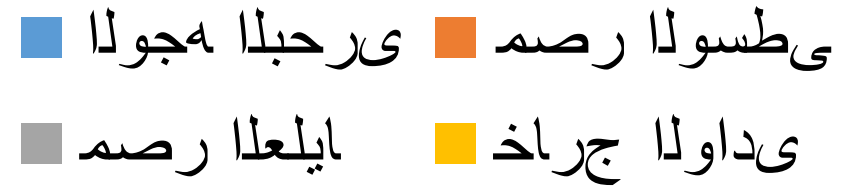




# Date Palm

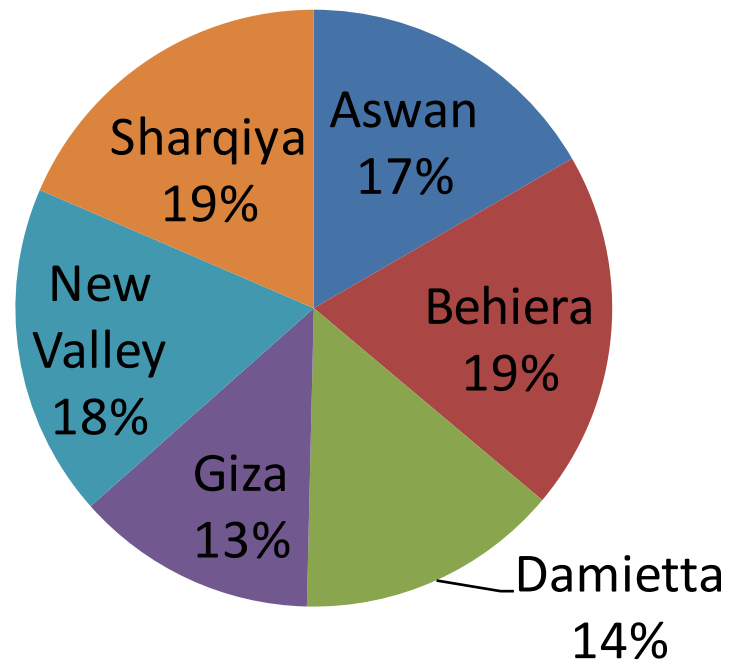
- Date palm trees produce huge amount of agricultural wastes in the form of dry leaves, stems, pits, seeds etc.
- A typical date tree can generate as much as 20 kilograms of dry leaves per annum while date pits account for almost 10 percent of date fruits

Date Palm National



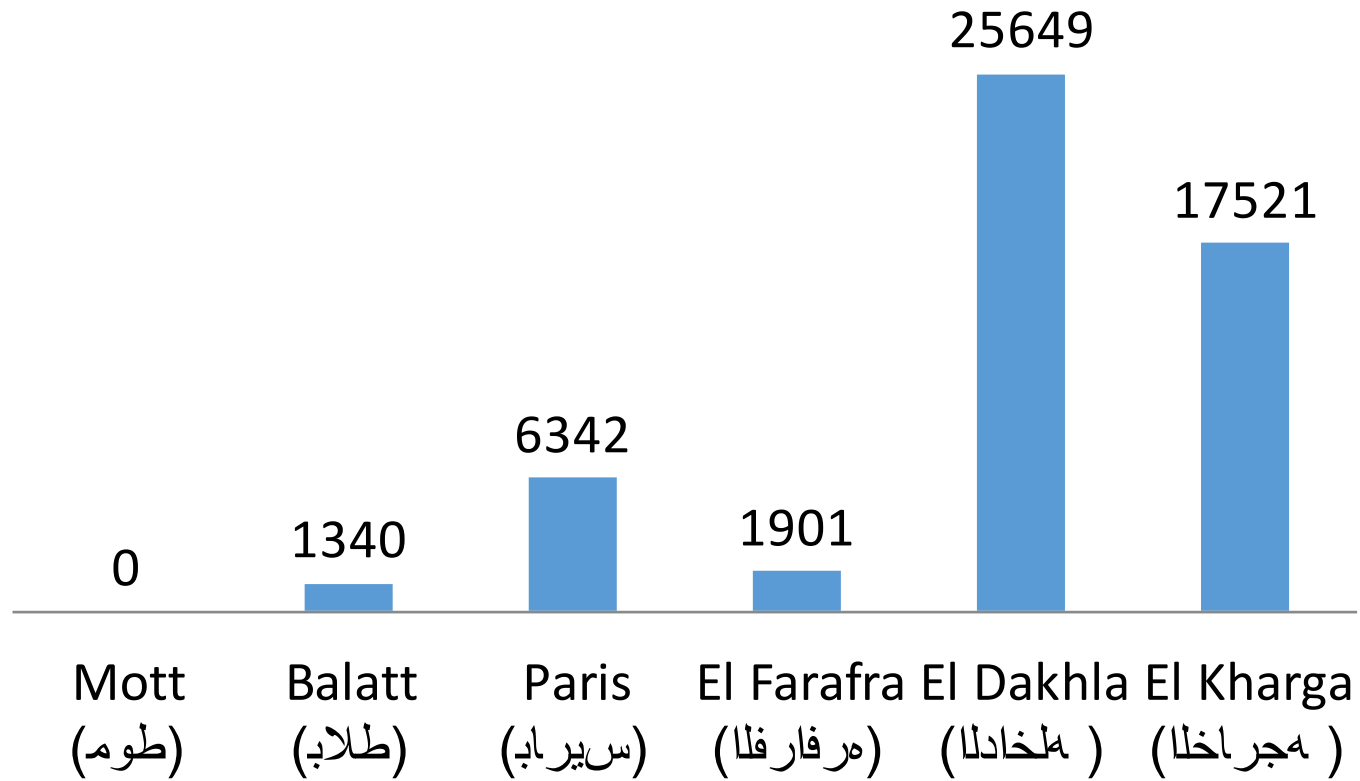
# Date Palm

## Date Palm Clusters



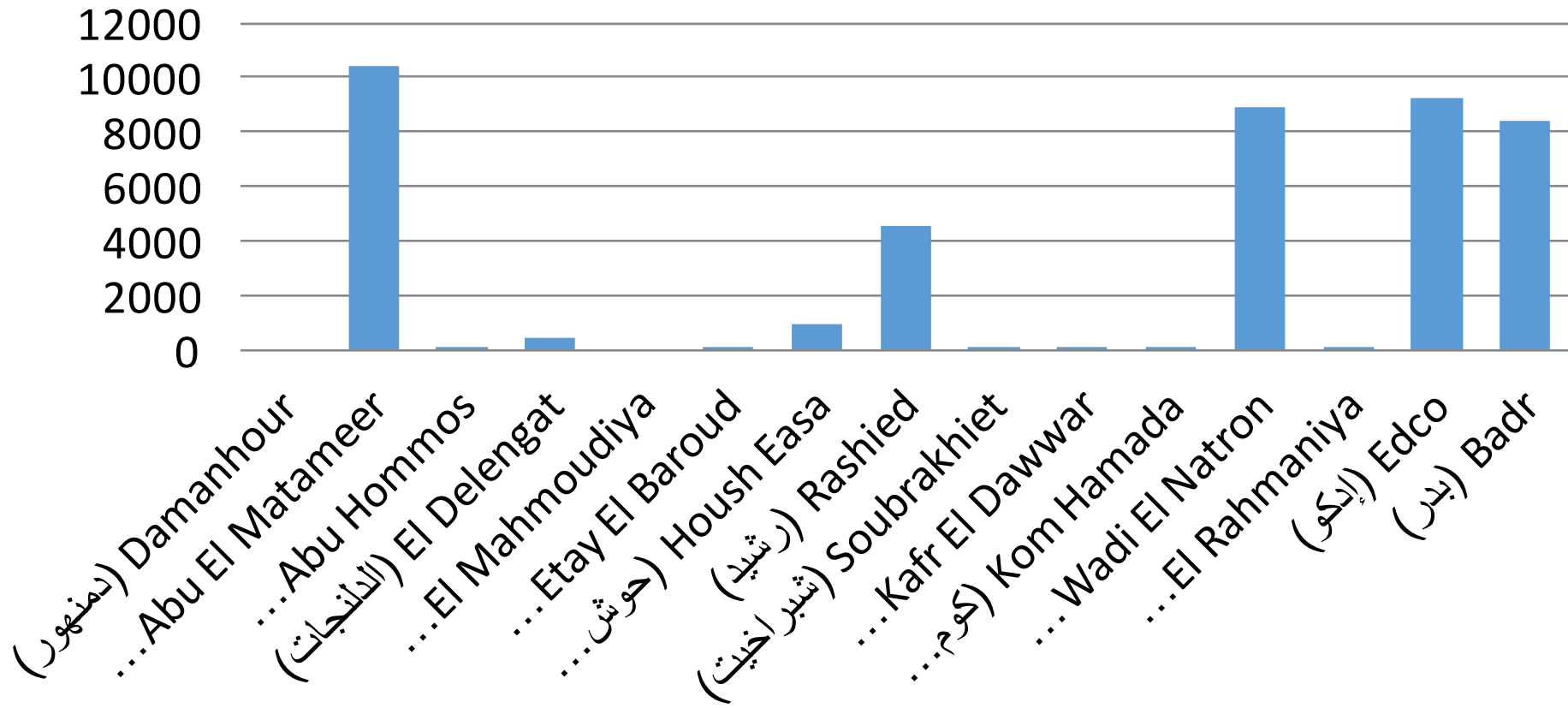
# Date Palm

## Date Palm New Valley



# Date Palm

## Date Palm Beharah



## Physical and chemical structure?

<b>Product/units</b>	<b>Calorific value (Mmbtu/ton)</b>	<b>Ash Content (%)</b>	<b>Moisture (%)</b>
<b>Tree Trimmings</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>&lt; 16</b>
<b>Cotton Stalks</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>&lt; 16</b>
<b>Corn Stalks</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>&lt; 16</b>
<b>Rice Straw</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>&lt; 16</b>
<b>Sugar Cane</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>&lt; 16</b>

# Volume

Sector/Type of waste	Sugar Cane residues (ton /year)	Cotton stalk(ton /year)	Corn stover (ton /year)	Rice(1) straw(ton /year)	Tree Pruning Wastes(ton /year)	Total Agricultural waste(ton /year)
<b>Total Northern</b>	<b>32,000</b>	<b>638,000</b>	<b>1,485,000</b>	<b>2,179,000</b>	<b>1,208,364</b>	<b>5,542,364</b>
<b>Total Central</b>	<b>49,000</b>	<b>180,000</b>	<b>1,667,000</b>	<b>1,543,000</b>	<b>814,525</b>	<b>4,253,525</b>
<b>Total Eastern</b>	<b>3,000</b>	<b>143,000</b>	<b>995,000</b>	<b>1,144,000</b>	<b>866,098</b>	<b>3,051,098</b>
<b>Northern Upper</b>	<b>596,000</b>	<b>178,000</b>	<b>1,513,000</b>	<b>2738</b>	<b>105,954</b>	<b>2.395.692</b>
<b>Southern Upper</b>	<b>3,483,029</b>	<b>49,000</b>	<b>987,000</b>	<b>15.454</b>	<b>238,603</b>	<b>5.732.660</b>
<b>Total Waste Generated</b>	<b>4,163,029</b>	<b>1,188,000</b>	<b>6,647,000</b>	<b>4.890.986</b>	<b>3,233,544</b>	<b>20,032,559</b>

# When?

When?

